



New Records August 1917

Popular Songs

- POPULAR SONGS**
- 45123-10-\$1.00—Pull the Cork Out of Erin—Nora Bayes
Daniel in the Lion's Den—Nora Bayes
18307-10—.75—For Your Country and My Country—Willie Weston
Joan of Arc—Willie Weston
18233-10—.75—Everything is Going Up—Billy Murray
Rolling in His Little Rolling Chair—Willie Weston
78289-10—.75—Just Dreaming of You—James Reed, J. F. Harrison
I Called You My Sweetheart—James F. Harrison
18315-10—.75—Sing Me Love's Lullaby—Tom Lamere
Darlin'—Tom Lamere
18317-10—.75—Suki San—Louis J. Winsch
She's Just a Little Bit Old Fashioned—Louis J. Winsch
18318-10—.75—Huckleberry Finn—Van and Schenck
Mulberry Rose—Van and Schenck
18319-10—.75—A Tear, A Kiss, A Smile—Charles Hart
That's Why My Heart Is Calling You—Charles Hart
18320-10—.75—The Man Behind the Hammer and the Plow—Peerless Quartet
Let's All Do Something (Uncle Sammy Wants Us Now)—American Quartet
- DANCE RECORDS**
- 18313-10—.75—Dance and Grow Thin—Fox Trot—Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra
Oh Johnny, Oh Johnny, Oh!—Medley One-Step—Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra
35638-12—1.25—Have a Heart—Medley One-Step—Victor Military Band
Love o' Mike—Medley Fox Trot—Victor Military Band
35640-12—1.25—Fascination Waltz—Joseph C. Smith's Orch.
For Me and My Gal—Medley Fox Trot—Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra
- INSTRUMENTAL RECORDS**
- 18305-10—.75—The Last Rose of Summer (Variations) (Piano)—Ferdinand Himmelreich
Blue Bells of Scotland (Variations)—Ferdinand Himmelreich
18308-10—.75—Irish Jigs—Medley (Violin)—Harold Veo
Medley of Irish Reels, No. 6—Harold Veo
18310-10—.75—For Me and My Gal—Medley Fox Trot—Six Brown Brothers
My Fox Trot Girl—Six Brown Brothers
18314-10—.75—Musette (Ballet from "Armide") (Gluck)—Victor Concert Orchestra
Chanson Triste (Tschaiakowsky)—Victor Concert Orchestra
45116-10—1.00—Gavotte (No. 2, Op. 23) (Popper) (Violoncello Solo)—Hans Kindler
Menuet (Valensin)—Hans Kindler
- PATRIOTIC SONGS AND RECITATIONS**
- 45124-10—1.00—Flag of My Heart—Reinald Werrenrath
Your Flag and My Flag—R. Werrenrath
18316-10—.75—The Battle Cry of Freedom—Edward Hamilton with Orpheus Quartet
Hail, Columbia—Ray Dixon with Orpheus Quartet

New Red Seal Records August 1917

- 64693-10—1.00—La Marseillaise (Rouget de L'Isle)—Frances Alda
88586-12—3.00—Musica Proibita (Gastaldon)—Enrico Caruso
64688-10—1.00—All the World Will Be Jealous of Me—Emilo de Gogorza
64586-10—1.00—Marche Lorraine—Mareel Journet
88585-12—3.00—Love's Old Sweet Song (Bingham-Molloy)—Louise Homer
64660-10—1.00—Underneath the Stars (Spencer)—Fritz Kreisler
64695-10—1.00—There's a Long, Long Trail (King-Elliott)—John McCormack
74529-12—1.50—Nocturne in F Sharp Major (Chopin)—Ignace Jan Paderewski
74530-12—1.50—Polonaise Militaire (Chopin)—Ignace Jan Paderewski

The Oscar Saenger Course in Vocal Training. For all teachers and voice students.—Ask about these Records.

Wiker Music House

EVERYTHING IN MUSIC
PIANOS—VICTOR VICTROLAS AND RECORDS
SHEET MUSIC
STRINGED INSTRUMENTS
MRS. J. T. WIKER, Mgr. Across from Post Office

POTATO SHOW IN NOV.

(Continued from page 1)
The company carried on its entire system during the year 39,000,000 tons of which 12,000,000 were received from other roads. The principal items carried are as follows:
Agriculture and products thereof, on Burlington, 6,299,988 tons; from other roads, 2,108,406 tons.
Animals and products thereof, on Burlington, 2,318,326 tons; from other roads, 437,316.
Products of mines, on Burlington, 11,961,104 tons; from other roads, 3,670,419.
Products of forests, on Burlington, 404,540 tons; from other roads, 1,790,026.
Manufactures, on Burlington, 3,640,330 tons; from other roads, 3,056,843.
The total number of employes, average for the year, is 43,894, to whom were paid during the year \$40,560,000. The company paid a total sum in taxes of \$4,820,197, of which \$1,074,762 was paid in Nebraska.

Liver Trouble
"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.—aug

Just the Thing for Diarrhoea
"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buford, N. D. "I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.—aug

BURLINGTON EARNED THIRTY-THREE MILLION

Nearly Four Million Passengers Carried from One Point to Another in State in 1916

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company, according to its annual report for the year ending December 31 last and just filed with the state railway commission, earned nearly \$33,000,000 last year on its entire system. The report shows that the company has total investments of \$485,928,580, and total assets of \$544,305,614. It has a capital stock of \$110,839,100. Only two Nebraska stockholders are represented in the list, Helen N. Anderson of Lincoln with one share, and Alvin Saunders of Omaha with two. The great bulk of the stock is held by New England and New York persons.

The Burlington has a funded debt of \$176,498,900 and a surplus of \$203,096,255. It owns securities amounting to \$37,256,000, of which \$9,000,000 is invested in affiliated companies.

Of the \$32,994,725 net income from all sources last year it paid an 8 per cent dividend on its stock, amounting to \$8,867,128, and invested a like amount in physical property. The remainder was carried to surplus account. The company has sold all land received from the government.

The company expended for additions and betterments in Nebraska the sum of \$1,089,997 and \$435,800 for grading, new bridges and the like. The gross additions and betterments for the system were \$2,556,771 and equipment of the value of \$1,722,750 was retired. This statement shows that the company did not maintain its equipment. It added 1,604 cars and retired 1,925.

The Burlington had an operating revenue of \$109,191,204, and an operating expense of \$65,235,704, of which over forty millions went to labor. The operating revenue increased \$15,601,482, but the net increase from operation was but \$9,923,499. The net operating revenue was \$43,955,499.

The company's equipment consists of 1,767 locomotives, 66,226 freight cars, 1,298 passenger cars and 2,577 service cars. There were 113 accidents during the year. Eight trainmen were killed and 262 injured. Four trackmen were killed and five injured. One passenger was killed and sixteen injured. Twenty-eight trespassers were killed and nine injured. Seventeen others were killed and thirty-two injured. The number killed was fifty-eight.

The mileage operated was 9,370. The freight revenue on the system was \$77,310,516, the passenger revenue \$21,833,534, mail \$2,691,304, express \$2,854,713, switching \$1,458,247.

A separate report is made on the business done in Nebraska. The number of passengers carried from one point to another within the state was 3,669,750 and the revenue therefrom was \$2,959,824. The number who began their journey in Nebraska and terminated it in another state were 285,812 and the revenue therefrom \$674,165. The number whose journey originated elsewhere and terminated in Nebraska was 235,528 and the revenue therefrom \$573,802. The number of thru passengers was 216,807 and the revenue \$1,593,880. The total number carried on trains in the state for the year was 4,407,142 and the revenue \$5,801,674.

The freight business done in the state amounted to 11,440,375 tons and the revenue therefrom was \$18,475,437, divided as follows: Inside the state, 3,024,106 tons and \$5,079,327; originating but not terminating in the state, 2,246,548 tons and \$2,919,379; terminating but not originating in the state, 3,166,481 tons and \$4,164,197; passing thru the state, 3,005,240 tons and \$6,412,532. The net revenue in the state was \$4,365,490.

The number of miles of main track in the state operated was 2,872.71; sidings and yard trackage, 819.20; second track, 17.96; a total

of 3,587.50.
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AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE

With the passage of the pending food production bill, congress officially recognizes a new instrument of national defense—the county agent. Under the provisions of this act, \$115,000 has been set aside for county agent work in Nebraska. This will be sufficient to put a county agent in every county organizing and to provide a food emergency agent for each district where regular county agents are not employed. County agents and food emergency agents will be put to work organizing and mobilizing agricultural Nebraska for maximum production.

The county agent is thus regarded by the nation's highest counselors as the best instrument of increasing production as a defensive measure. The Agricultural Extension Service of the University of Nebraska has mapped out plans for the

extension of county agent work in conformity with the new law and is ready to proceed with the program as soon as the bill is signed by the president and the emergency funds are released. Agents will be placed in counties as they are ready to receive them.

The Herald buys old newspapers, magazines, catalogs, and scrap paper of all kinds in good condition. We pay twenty cents per hundred pounds—four dollars per ton. Lots of one hundred pounds or more called for if within the city limits of Alliance. Phone 340.

GRASSHOPPER CONTROL

Grasshoppers are unusually numerous in the western half of Nebraska this year, according to reports received by the entomology department of the College of Agriculture. The invaders are doing considerable damage in the Platte and Republican valleys.

Grasshoppers may be successfully poisoned by the use of bait prepared as follows: Mix 25 pounds of dry, coarse-flaked wheat bran with 1 pound of white arsenic or Paris green while dry in a tub. Add the juice and chopped pulp and peel of 6 lemons and ½ gallon of cheap, strong-smelling syrup or molasses to 3 gallons of water, and pour this over the mixture of bran and poison. Stir thoroughly, add water until the bait is wet, and sow broadcast in the field. The hopperdozer, a mechanical catching device, is also being used to destroy grasshoppers. Further information will be found in Emergency Bulletin No. 17, which will be sent free upon application to the Extension Service, University Farm, Lincoln.

Brief War Comment

There are no members of the I. W. W. (I Work for Wilhelm) in the senate of the United States, but evidently that body can boast of co-adjutant rivals.

According to the Army and Navy Journal there is no parallel in our history for the success of the first three months of our war administration.

Holland complains of being between the devil and the deep sea, but she can at least join in the fight against the devil. That would be more sensible than indulging in useless tears over the American embargo.

Shipbuilding is less than a year old in British Columbia, but already \$27,000,000 worth of steel and wooden vessels are under construction or contract there. The task undertaken by German submarines is steadily expanding.

The final end of a few lingering horse cars in Manhattan gives opportunity to Philadelphia, long described by the metropolis as a country town, to hit back with the announcement of its newspapers that "New York is becoming a modern city."

Four more venturesome German vessels have been captured or sunk by the British off the coast of Holland. Presumably the German government will once more demand that poor Holland call Great Britain to account for such "brutal outrage" upon "unarmed merchantmen." Germany's under-water assassins are sinking unarmed merchantmen continually, but of course nobody else has a right to strike back even in a lawful manner.

The fabled amazons of old time are coming to life and reality. That division of young Russian women in arms is no joke. They are killing and capturing as well as getting themselves killed. It is related that two German officers and 100 men taken by the Legion of Death were "utterly amazed and chagrined" when they found that their captors were women. Perhaps the women-warriors enjoyed the mortification of their prizes as much as the capture itself.

A distinction ought to be made between the war's actual costs and the vast loans to our allies representing investment on which interest will be paid. Failure to do this largely accounts for the fact that the staggering totals tend to take the average citizen's breath away. Merchant vessels will also return an income, while coast defenses, naval construction, etc., may be regarded as in large part investments for the future extending beyond the duration of the present war.

JUMP FROM BED IN MORNING AND DRINK HOT WATER

Open sluices of system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter, says authority.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drank each morning before breakfast, keeps us looking and feeling fit.

Life is not merely to live, but to live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and puri-

fying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatism; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, which will cost but little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.